

Starting School L.I.F.E. Listening Inventory For Education-Revised (L.I.F.E.-R.)

Appraisal of Listening Access Needs for Children Entering School

| | By Karen L. Anderson, PhD, Joseph J. Sm | aldino, | PhD, & Carrie | Spangler, | AuD | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| Child | School District | chool District | | | Entering Grade | | |
| Child's Sch | Child's School Team Including Family | | Family | | | | |
| Accessis at the 1400(c)(5)(H)) to maximize ac | of this tool is to estimate the listening difficulty center of most of the struggles of the student with hearing loss, an specifies "supporting the development and use of technology, ir cessibility for children with disabilities." The information identination for Special Education Eligibility determination, service plans | dissoimp ncluding a fied may a | oortant that the In Assistive technolo Assist in complyin | dividuals with gy devices and g with the inte | Disabilities Act statute (20 US) d assistive technology services ent of this law and also provid | | |
| Family Observations: A student with hearing loss needs to be able to understand the teacher, express his own thoughts, obtain clarification when he does not understand, and interact with classmates as a prerequisite to learning. Family observations of the child's listening behavior at home provide valuable insights into difficulties he or she may experience in similar school listening situations. It is requested that the family complete the Children's Home Inventory of Listening Difficulties (C.H.I.L.D.) so the Listening Situation Breakdown can be considered by the School Team. The Understand-O-Meter is provided for score interpretation. Listening Situation Breakdown | | | | | C.H.I.L.D. Understand-O-Meter 8 GREAT Hear every word, understand everything 7 GOOD Hear it all, miss part of an occasional word, still understand everything | | |
| Type of | Add together the responses to the | Total | Average | 6 PRET | TY GOOD | | |
| | following question numbers: | | | | almost all of the s and usually | | |
| Quiet | 1+2+3+15=+++ | - | | unde | rstand everything | | |
| Noise | 6 + 9 + 12 + 14 =+++ | - | | | ' BUT NOT EASY almost all the words, | | |
| Distance | 7 + 11 + 13 = ++ | | | some | times misunderstand | | |
| Social | 5 + 9 + 11 = ++ | | | | was said KES WORK BUT | | |
| Media | 4 = | | | | ALLY CAN GET IT | | |
| Ranking Guide for Being a Communication Partner and Independence questions: | | | | | Hear most of the words, understand more than half of what was said | | |
| A = Always, V= Very often, M= Much of the time, S= Seldom, N= Never A V M S N | | | V M S N | | ETIMES GET IT, ETIMES DON'T | | |
| Being a Communication Partner - My child: | | | Hear | words but | | | |
| 1. Talks a lot, sometimes taking over conversations or changing topics 1 2 3 4 5 | | | | 01110101 | rstand less than half nat was said | | |
| 2. Pretends that he/she heard when really does not know/understand 1 2 3 4 5 | | | GH GOING | | | | |
| 3. Waits for others to notice that he/she didn't understand 1 2 3 4 5 | | | 2 3 4 5 | Some | times don't know | | |
| 4. Lets others know when a listening/understanding problem occurs 5 4 3 2 1 | | | | away that someone king, miss most of | | | |
| 5. Takes turns | in conversation and adds information appropriately | 5 | 4 3 2 1 | messa | | | |
| 6. Is fatigued | at the end of a day of social/listening activities | 1 | 2 3 4 5 | 1 HUH? | | | |
| Independence - My child: Total | | | | | know that someone king, miss all of | | |
| 1. Puts on his/her hearing aids or cochlear implant without help 5 4 3 2 1 | | | | messa | | | |
| 2. Lets an adult know as soon as he/she has hearing changes/problems 5 4 3 2 1 | | | | | | | |
| 3. Replaces batteries and performs other checks on technology 5 4 3 2 1 | | | | INTER | PRETATION GUIDE | | |
| 4. Asks for repeat or clarification if he/she didn't hear/understand 5 4 3 2 1 | | | | Being a C | ommunication Partner: | | |
| 5. Moves away from noise if he wants to hear/understand better 5 4 3 2 1 | | | 4 3 2 1 | | most like students nout hearing loss | | |
| 6. Moves closer to the person talking to hear/understand better 5 4 3 2 1 | | | | | ndependence: | | |
| | Tota | al | | | is the goal for self- | | |

advocacy & independence skills

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School Team Information: The consideration of the special factors portion of IDEA (34CFR300.324(2)(iv)) requires the IEP Team to consider the communication needs of the child in terms of opportunities for direct communications with peers and professional personnel in the child's language and communication mode. Access to curriculum and instruction in the classroom at the same level and rate as that of typically-hearing peers is essential for academic growth for students with hearing loss. Most students with hearing loss use both their hearing and their vision for learning to some degree, depending upon changing communication conditions, as estimated by the Functional Listening Evaluation (FLE). The FLE provides data to determine the child's listening abilities, needs and accommodations in the classroom. For information on administering the FLE refer to http://www.handsandvoices.org/pdf/func_eval.pdf

| Functional Li | stening Evaluatio | on (% correct) Date | e performed | Speech materia | als used |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| Hearing techn | ology used: Hearing a | id R□ L□ Cochlear imp | lant □R □L Personal FN | /I □ Desktop FM □ Clas | sroom Amplification |
| Technology used/tried | Condition | Close: □50 dB HL or □ 3 ft from speaker □ Quiet or □ +10 S/N | Close: □50 dB HL or □ 3 ft from speaker Noise: □+5 or □+10 S/N | Distant: □35 dB HL or □10 ft from speaker □Quiet or □+10 S/N | Distant: □35 dB HL or □10 ft from speaker Noise: □+5 or □+10 S/N |
| | Auditory + Visual | % | % | % | % |
| | Auditory + Visual | % | % | % | % |
| | Auditory Only | % | % | % | % |
| | Auditory Only | % | % | % | % |
| Summary of | evidence related | to technology use |): | | |
| In a quiet condit | tion when watching t | he child perceives speed | h best with: | | |
| In a quiet condit | tion without watching | g the child perceives spe | eech best with: | | |
| In a noisy condi | tion when watching t | he child perceives speed | ch best with: | | |
| In a quiet condit | tion without watching | g the child perceives spe | eech best with: | | |
| Communicat | ion: | | | | |
| IDEA requires co | onsideration of direct | ose with hearing loss, is communication needs communication and ur | in the child's preferred | language mode. Educa | |
| Summary of co | ommunication asse | essment: | | | |
| When compared | l to age peers, this chi | ld's receptive language i | is: □ much lower □ le | ower □ average □ hig | gher 🗆 much higher |
| When compared | l to age peers, this chi | ld's expressive language | is: □ much lower □ l | ower □ average □ hi | gher □ much higher |
| Family and S | chool Team impr | essions of commur | nication mode: | | |
| - | - | listening to adult), this | | mode appears to be pri | imarily: |
| - | | ditory + visual support | | | • |
| - | • | ditory + visual support | | • | |
| In social interact | tions with peers (info | rmal/play), this child's c | communication mode a | ppears to be primarily: | |
| In a quiet setting | g: 🗆 auditory 🗀 aud | ditory + visual support | ☐ equal auditory/visua | al □ visual + auditory | support usual |
| In a noisy setting | g: □ auditory □ au | ditory + visual support | ☐ equal auditory/visu | al \square visual + auditory | support □ visual |
| TEANA CONAN | AFNITC | | | | |
| TEAM COMM | | | | | |
| Educational prog | gram/setting: | | | | |
| Technology: | | | | | |
| Accommodation | s: | | | | |
| Skill developme | nt: □ self-advocacv □ | l communication repair □ |] technology independend | ce □ social communicati | on □ other |